**CRIMINOLOGISTS LICENSURE EXAMINATION**

**FINAL BRIEFING AND ORIENTATION**

**2012 Edition**

**DR. MILLER F. PECKLEY, CSP, CSMS, CST**

**ACCREDITED FORENSIC SPECIALIST- FIREARM IDENTIFICATION**

**CERTIFIED SECURITY PROFESSIONAL**

**LICENSED SECURITY CONSULTANT**

**CERTIFIED SECURITY MANAGEMENT SPECIALIST**

**NATIONAL TVET TRAINOR/ASSESSOR-SECURITY SERVICES**

**MASTER THE ART OF ANSWERING THE BOARD QUESTIONS**

1. Know the kinds of question (multiple choice-correct answer/ best answer)

2. Know the kinds of answer (what, when, where, who, how, and why)

3. Application of analyzation, comparison, and evaluation. (ACE)

**WHAT IS THE OBJECTIVE OF A MULTIPLE CHOICE EXAM?**

It measures the following:

a. knowledge

b. Understanding

c. Application

**HOW DO YOU ANALYZE A QUESTION?**

**Strategic Thinking: Analyzing Questions/ Answers**

**Use this format to analyze a multiple-choice question or an open ended question.**

1. What does this question ask?

2. What information do I need to answer it?

Look closely at the question and information provided. Some of the information will be useful. Some will not be important to this question. What kind of information do you need to use?

3. What steps do I need to take to answer it? What’s strategy?

4. The correct answer is:\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_Tell why it’s the correct answer.

**STEPS IN ANSWERING QUESTION**

1. Read the questions thoroughly

2. Read all the suggested answers.

3. Go back to the question, analyze and look for keywords. An option that may logically associated with or linked to major terms in the stem can be the answer

4. Choose your answer.

If you don’t know the answer, you should know how to answer.

5. Apply the process of elimination.

**PRAY FOR GOD’S GUIDANCE**

**MAY 2008 CRIMINOLOGISTS LICENSURE EXAMINATION**

**CRIMINAL JURISPRUDENCE AND PROCEDURE**

1. Is the security and given for the release of a person who is in the custody of a law.
2. Security c. Probation
3. Bail d. Parole
4. The adjudication by the court that the defendant is guilty or not guilty of the offense charged is.
5. Plea c. Judgment
6. Judge d. Decision
7. The validity of a search warrant is equivalent to 10 days while the validity of a warrant of arrest is.
8. 10 days c. 365 days
9. 20 days d. Lifetime
10. Persons having mental incapacity are disqualified as witness including.
11. Criminaloids c. War freak
12. Gangs d. all of the above
13. A testimony of a witness that is reduced into writing without affirmation.
14. Testimony c. Admission
15. Deposition d. Confession

**LAW ENFORCEMENT ADMINISTRATION**

1. In planning a police staff study, the planner premises his \_\_\_\_\_\_ from the findings of said study.
2. Recommendation c. Ideas
3. Brief d. Conclusions
4. Perimeter barriers are the first line of \_\_\_\_\_ defense of an industrial complex viewing it from the outside.
5. Martial c. Security
6. Physical d. Company
7. Under Republic Act No. 6975 or the PNP Law, the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ has the power to choose the Chief of Police of his municipal/police stations.
8. Board Member c. Mayor
9. Secretary d. Congressman
10. The use of the squad wedge, squad diagonal or deployed line, would be most likely for:
11. Teachers’ hunger strike c. Combat maneuvers
12. Civil disturbance/disobedience d. Disaster and relief operations
13. The principles of police organization, point out that each individual unit or situation shall be under the immediate control of:
14. Only one superior c. Several superior
15. The majority d. all of the above

**CRIMINALISTICS**

1. It denotes knowledge of law in relation to the practice of medicine.
2. Medical Jurisprudence c. Legal Medicine
3. Forensic Medicine d. Criminal Law
4. This is a confession made outside of the court prior to the trial of the case.
5. Extra-Judicial Confession c. Judicial Confession
6. Voluntary Extra-Judicial Confession d. Involuntary Extra-judicial Confession
7. One in which the wounding agent enters the body but did not come out or the mere piercing of a solid organ or tissue of the body.
8. Perforating c. Mortal
9. Penetrating d. Non-Mortal
10. An Italian Scientist who employed the first scientific instrument to detect deception, which is called Hydrosphymograph.
11. John A. Larson c. William Marston
12. Cesare Lombroso d. Leonard Keeler
13. Questions which have no bearing to the case under investigation
14. Peak of Tension Question c. Irrelevant Question
15. General Series Question d. Relevant Question

**CRIME DETECTION, INVESTIGATION AND PREVENTION**

1. This is a police reaction to crime. It presupposes the commission of a crime
2. Custodial investigation c. Custodial interrogation
3. Criminal investigation d. Investigation
4. It is the safest type of body search
5. Standing search c. kneeling search
6. Prone search d. wall search
7. Criminal investigation is not a science but an
8. Prosecutory c. Art
9. Exculpatory d. Process
10. A luminous body of a burning gas, which gets hotter and less luminous when with more oxygen.
11. Heat c. Fire gases
12. Smoke d. Flame
13. Refers to the breaking of pieces on the surface of concrete, brick or cement due to intense heat.
    1. Crazing of glass c. Alligatoring effect
    2. Spalling d. none of the above

**CRIME SOCIOLOGY, ETHICS AND HUMAN RELATIONS**

1. The higher the occupational status of the father, the more favorable was the child’s attitude toward the police.
2. Attitudes vary by socioeconomic c. Attitudes vary by race
3. Attitudes vary by sex d. Attitudes vary by age
4. The following are the officers and agencies who will coordinate with the council for the Welfare of Children and Youth in the implementation of laws and programs on Child and Youth welfare, except:
5. DILG c. DOH
6. DOJ d. DAR
7. It is the lack of interest, confidence and social skills to relate meaningfully, harmoniously and fruitfully with others.
8. Social Crisis c. Matrix Crisis
9. Moral Crisis d. Emotional Crisis
10. It is the irrational or distorted concept of what is right or wrong and bad.
11. Social Crisis c. Matrix Crisis
12. Moral Crisis d. Emotional Crisis
13. It is the result of crisis on the individual.
14. Change c. Equilibrium
15. Time d. Crisis Model

**CORRECTIONAL ADMINISTRATION**

1. Pardon cannot be exercised in what of the following instances:
   1. before conviction c. after conviction
   2. before trial d. before conviction and before trial
2. In determining whether an offender may be placed on probation, the court shall consider all information relative to which of the following?
3. All of these c. Antecedents and environment
4. Character d. Mental and physical conditions of the off
5. This kind of punishment will be given to them if they have committed the heinous crime.
6. Protection c. deterrence
7. Lethal injection d. stoning
8. Punishing a criminal to serve as an example to others is a theory of
9. Self-defense c. Social Defense
10. Exemplary d. Equality
11. Nobody can assume the suffering for a crime committed by others.
12. Justice c. Personal
13. Legal d. Certain